Company History

Dec. 1946	Established Kasuga Radio Co., Ltd. (predecessor of Kenwood Corporation) in Komagane, Nagano Prefecture [Photo $$]
Feb. 1947	Succeeded in manufacturing high-performance radio parts (high-frequency coils)
Jun. 1949	Trio's high-frequency coil passed the NHK (Japan Broadcasting Corporation) approval certificate for the first time in Japan
Jan. 1950	Renamed Kasuga Radio Industry Corporation
Feb. 1955	Established the Tokyo office in Ota-ku, Tokyo, and began mass production of audio, communications and measuring equipment
Apr. 1957	Began exporting FM tuners for the first time as a Japanese manufacturer [Photo②]
Jan. 1958	Relocated the head office from Akaho, Komagane, Nagano Prefecture to the Tokyo Plant in Yukigaya, Ota-ku, Tokyo
Jan. 1960	Renamed Trio Electronics, Inc. [Photo③]
Oct. 1961	Listed on the second section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange
Sep. 1962	Launched the industry's first transistor amplifier [Photo④]
Jul. 1963	Established the Hachioji Business Center in Hachioji, Tokyo
Dec. 1963	Set up Company's first overseas sales firm in the U.S. (present Kenwood U.S.A. Corporation) and began full-scale overseas operations
Jun. 1965	Relocated the head office from Ota-ku, Tokyo to Shibuya-ku, Tokyo
Jan. 1966	Fully transistorized audio products for the first time in the industry
Oct. 1969	Listed on the first section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange
Aug. 1971	Relocated the head office from Shibuya-ku, Tokyo to Meguro-ku, Tokyo
Mar. 1978	Entered the commercial wireless radio equipment field, by introducing commercial wireless radio terminal in Japan
Apr. 1979	Set up Company's first overseas production firm in Singapore (present Kenwood Electronics Technologies (S) Pte. Ltd.)
Apr. 1980	Entered the car audio field, launching car audio systems in the U.S. [Photo⑤]
Dec. 1980	Relocated the head office from Meguro-ku, Tokyo to Shibuya-ku, Tokyo
Jul. 1981	Set up production subsidiary Tohoku Trio (present Kenwood Yamagata Corp.) in Tsuruoka, Yamagata Prefecture
Aug. 1981	Decided on "KENWOOD" as the corporate brand
Sep. 1982	Entered the portable audio field, introducing portable FM radio [Photo⑥]
May 1983	Entered the Business & Industry sector of commercial wireless radio field, by beginning to sell Land Mobile Radio equipment in the U.S. [Photo⑦]
Jun. 1986	Renamed Kenwood Corporation [Photo®]
Aug. 1989	Established the Yokohama Business Center in Midori-ku, Yokohama, Kanagawa Prefecture
Aug. 1989	Entered the public safety sector of commercial wireless radio field, by beginning to sell Land Mobile Radio equipment, establishing the base for commercial wireless radio business [Photo⑨]
Jun. 1990	Set up production subsidiary Kenwood Nagano Corporation in Ina, Nagano Prefecture
Oct. 1991	Developed the radio systems for F1 world championship race and began an official supplier contract with the Team McLaren [Photo $\textcircled{0}$]
Mar. 1992	Entered the car navigation system field, launching the industry's first 1DIN-size GPS car navigation system [Photo ${ m ll}$]
Mar. 1994	Entered the mobile phone field, introducing digital mobile phones
Dec. 1996	Entered the mobile phone field for overseas markets, by launching GSM phones



3







Feb.	1997	Supplied Real Focus Sound System for Forester and 2nd Legacy of Subaru, establishing the base for the OEM business
Apr.	1998	Entered the PC peripheral device field, introducing the industry's fastest 40x CD-ROM drive
Nov.	2000	Withdrew from the GSM phone and CD-ROM drive businesses
Mar.	2001	Announced the "Mid-term Reconstruction Plan"
Sep.	2001	Issued new shares worth a total of 7.1 billion yen through a third-party allocation
May	2002	Booked negative net worth in the fiscal year ended March 2002, and announced the "Kenwood Revitalization Plan"
May	2002	Withdrew from the test and measuring equipment business
Jun.	2002	Relocated the head office from Shibuya-ku, Tokyo to the Hachioji Office in Hachioji, Tokyo
Jul.	2002	Announced the "Revitalization Action Plan"
Oct.	2002	Issued new shares worth a total of 2.0 billion yen through a third-party allocation
Nov.	2002	Withdrew from development/production of digital mobile phones
Dec.	2002	Eliminated negative net worth through a debt-for-equity swap amounting to 25.0 billion yen
Feb.	2003	Launched "Production Innovation" activities under the slogan of "KENWOOD Quarter QCD (quality, cost and delivery) Revolution"
May	2003	Accomplished a V-shaped recovery in earnings as a result of four structural reforms, and posted a record consolidated net income in the fiscal year ended March 2003
May	2003	Announced the first mid-term business plan "Excellent Kenwood Plan"
Sep.	2003	Announced the "Seamless Entertainment" concept that integrates car electronics and home electronics
May	2004	Posted a record consolidated net income in the fiscal year ended March 2004 for the second consecutive year by enhancing consolidated management and implementing "Production Innovation" activities
Jun.	2004	Acquired the wireless radio operations of Toyo Communication Equipment Co., Ltd.
Aug.	2004	Completed the "New Financial Strategy", and entirely eliminated cumulative loss, redeemed the first tranche class-A preferred stocks, terminated financial agreements, and substantially reduced interest-bearing debts
Feb.	2005	Formed a technical and capital alliance with Icom Inc. to jointly research the standardization of technical specifications for digital wireless radio equipment
May	2005	Formulated the second mid-term business plan "Value Creation Plan"
Jun.	2005	Resumed dividend payments for the first time in six years
Aug.	2005	Redeemed the first tranche class-B preferred stock, thereby completely redeemed all preferred stocks that were issued in association with a debt-for-equity swap
Jun.	2007	Blaupunkt and Kenwood planed cooperation, partnership in portable navigation Innovative features for globally usable devices
Mar.	2007	Entered into a tie-up with EADS Secure Networks North America, a company of the group headed by the leading European aerospace and defense corporation EADS, to mutually supply Digital Land Mobile Radio equipment
Mar.	2007	Launched the "dPMR MoU Group" voluntary organization jointly with Icom Inc. and radio equipment companies in Europe in order to establish standards for commercial digital wireless radio equipment for business & industry sectors
May	2007	Converted Zetron, Inc., a U.S. systems-based communication company into a subsidiary
Aug.	2007	Invested 20.0 billion yen and formed a strategic business alliance in/with Victor Company of Japan, Limited







